1	2	3	4	5	6
8.	Himachal Pradesh	15.86	28.44	5.12	7.63
9.	Jammu & Kashmir	20.92	25.17	3.46	3.48
10.	Karnataka	156.46	33.16	104.40	20.04
11.	Kerala	76.41	25.43	41.04	12.72
12.	Madhya Pradesh	298.52	42.52	298.54	37.43
13.	Maharashtra	305.22	36.86	227.99	25.02
14.	Manipur	6.80	33.78	7.19	28.54
15.	Meghalaya	7.38	37.92	8.23	33.87
16.	Mizoram	1.94	25.66	1.85	19.47
17.	Nagaland	5.05	37.92	5.49	32.67
18.	Orissa	160.60	48.56	169.09	47.15
19.	Punjab	25.11	11.77	14.49	6.16
20.	Rajasthan	128.50	27.41	81.83	15.28
21.	Sikkim	1.84	41.43	2.05	36.55
22.	Tamil Nadu	202.10	35.03	130.48	21.12
23.	Tripura	11.79	39.01	13.02	34.44
24.	Uttar Pradesh	604.46	40.85	529.89	31.15
25.	West Bengal	254.56	35.66	213.49	27.02
26.	A & N Island	1.06	34.47	0.82	20.99
27.	Chandigarh	0.80	11.35	0.51	5.75
28.	Dadra & Nagar Haveli	0.77	50.84	0.33	17.14
29.	Daman & Diu	0.18	15.80	0.06	4.44
30.	Delhi	15.51	14.69	11.49	8.23
31.	Lakshadweep	0.14	25.04	0.11	15.60
32.	Pondicherry	3.31	37.40	2.41	21.67
	ALL INDIA	3203.68	35.97	2602.50	26.10

BPL population in States

†3571. SHRI RAVI SHANKAR PRASAD:
DR. MURLI MANOHAR JOSHI:

Will the PRIME MINISTER be pleased to state:

(a) whether it is a fact that 45 per cent of country's population reside in Uttar Pradesh, Bihar, Madhya Pradesh and Rajasthan;

† Original notice of the question was received in Hindi.

(b) if not, the facts thereof;

(c) wheter it is also a fact that the most of the BPL population is also residing in these States; and

(d) if so, the percentage of total poors of the country residing in these States?

THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTRY OF PLANNING (SHRI M.V. RAJASEKHARAN): (a) and (b) According to the results of 2001 census, 41.05% of country's population reside in undivided Uttar Pradesh, undivided Bihar, undivided Madhya Pradesh and Rajasthan.

(c) and (d) The Planning Commission estimates poverty for the years for which NSS data on household consumer expenditure from the large sample surveys are available and the latest such data is available for the year 1999-2000 (55th Round). On the basis of the 1999-2000 survey the Planning Commission estimated the total number of poor living in the states of undivided Uttar Pradesh, undivided Bihar, undivided Madhya Pradesh and Rajasthan as 1335.90 lakhs, which is about 51.33% of total number of poor at the national level.

Investment to improve the economy

3572. SHRI RAVULA CHANDRA SEKAR REDDY: Will the PRIME MINISTER be pleased to state:

(a) whether Government have decided the decade ahead to turn into one of investment to covert the nation into a first-rate agricultural, industrial and service economy; and

(b) if so, the steps taken in this direction so far?

THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTRY OF PLANNING (SHRI M.V. RAJASEKHARAN): (a) and (b) The Tenth Five Year Plan aims at doubling of the per capita income in time-span of a decade. For the pursuance of this goal, the Tenth Five Year Plan had aimed for accelerating the growth rate in the years to come in agricultural, industrial and services sectors. In order to achieve the accelerated growth rates, the Plan aimed at raising savings and investment rates in the Plan. As a result, the savings and investment rates in economy have increased from 23.6% and 23.0% respectively, in 2001-02 to 29.1% and 30.1%, respectively in 2004-05, the latest year for which the information is